

A close-up photograph of a person's hand touching a tablet screen. The screen displays a form with the title 'TRANSFERRING COMMITMENT DETAILS' in a bold, sans-serif font. The background is a blurred office setting. The overall image has a blue gradient on the left side.

Transforming Governance

A Decade of eGovernance and the Next Wave of Governance Reforms

January 2015

Agenda

- 1. The Decade Gone by and Vision for the next five years**
- 2. Challenges and Opportunities**
- 3. Seven Changes in Paradigm**

Trend#1: Assisted Service to Mobile First If not Mobile Only

Trend#2: Solutions for Departments/Ministries to Solutions for Citizens / Businesses

Trend#3: Management Driven Policy to Enabling Inclusive Decision Making

Trend#4: Large and Stand-alone Systems to Smart and Integrated Systems

Trend#5: Individual Initiatives to Institutional Initiatives

Trend#6: Multiple Download of Information to Need fulfilment of G2C Services Online

Trend#7: Outsourcing and Deferred payment to Shared Services and PPP

The Decade Gone by and Vision for the next five years

A large number of successful projects have been implemented across center and states that bears testimony to the progress that has been made in the last decade.

➤ Key Notable Changes in the Last Decade:

- i. Making eGovernance integral to Government reform
- ii. Government departments moved from buying hardware or software to buying services and solutions
- iii. Cost and time in accessing the government services has reduced
- iv. IT infrastructure is created that can support and scale up to meet the need for the next five years

➤ Vision for the Next Five Years

- i. Seven changes in paradigm suggested for the next five years (*elaborated in subsequent slides*)
- ii. Action items are defined for each of the suggested paradigm, which if undertaken by the Government, will place it in a better position to handle this transition

Challenges and Opportunities

➤ Challenges

- Approach for Project development
- Preparation of detailed action plans as part of their initial scoping
- inadequate focus on capacity building and leadership development
- IT companies are losing interest in participating in eGovernance projects

➤ Opportunities

- The Digital India Programme
- Path breaking IT development platform, Analytics, IoT, Cloud
- Initiatives of the Government such as Unique ID, Jan Dhan accounts and Digital Locker

Trend#1: Assisted Service to Mobile First If not Mobile Only

Overview

To really transform Governance, Government needs to set itself a goal of providing all services, including those that are transactional in nature, on mobile – this will force process transformation.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	i. Updating the Electronic Delivery of Services Bill to consider latest technology and service delivery through mobile using Aadhaar	1 Year
	ii. Promoting manufacturing of low cost smart phones in the country under the Make in India program	1 Year
	iii. Provisioning of low cost internet services to every individual on mobile, under the BharatNet program	1 Year
Process	i. Government needs to overhaul its back end processes and enable backend integration of systems	Ongoing
Technology	i. A multi-lingual single mobile platform must be developed in which all services can be accessed	3 Years
	ii. Applications should be designed in such a way that they can even work offline	
Initiatives	i. Government may need to develop more mobile friendly services in official languages of India	1 Year
	ii. Government must create awareness among citizens about accessing Government services online	Ongoing

Trend#2: Solutions for Departments/Ministries to Solutions for Citizens / Businesses

Overview

The focus going forward needs to be to understand the need of citizens/ businesses and then converge various Government departments into a single unit with the aim to provide better service to citizens.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">i. Enabling collaboration between various government departmentsii. Government should facilitate adherence to interoperability standards/criteria	Ongoing
Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none">i. SLAs should be signed with internal stakeholders / internal agencies to ensure that each department successfully implements internal reforms	Ongoing
Technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none">i. Single window access of multiple serviceii. Single Identification of across all government systems. Citizens, businesses, NGO not to provide same information again and again	3 Years
Initiatives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">i. independent body for dispute management/resolution for inter-departmental issuesii. Regular surveys to seek citizen feedback on the reforms made	3 Years
		1 Year

Trend#3: Management Driven Policy to Enabling Inclusive Decision Making

Overview

eParticipation should become an inherent component of all eGovernance project designs. There has been a paradigm shift from leaders / managers deciding policy for everyone to everyone helping government to design policy.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	i. Develop e-participation policy	6 Months
	ii. Public interface unit to be setup in each ministry / department that will be one-stop shop for all interactions with the public	6 Months
Technology	i. Use of mobile technology, social media, websites/portals, online polls to encourage inclusive decision making	1 Years
	ii. Establish common platforms which can be leveraged by various ministries / departments	3 Years
Initiatives	i. Digital Literacy programme to be implemented	Ongoing
	ii. Govt. employees to be sensitized on importance of inclusive decision making and e-participation	Ongoing

Trend#4: Large and Stand-alone Systems to Smart and Integrated Systems

Overview

There is a need to move towards “Innovative solutions from Collaborative technologies”. Hence, the next phase should focus on the adoption of smarter technologies as compared to complex large systems, with Governance-IT alignment through simplified and standardized enterprise architecture.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	i. Identify and design Enterprise Architecture at the Centre and State Level	Ongoing
	ii. Design incentive packages for using smart technologies	Ongoing
Process	i. Cost-benefits to be considered in identifying projects	Ongoing
	ii. Government must provide incentive and financial support to private players, NGOs to promote use of latest technologies and innovative solutions	1 Year
Technology	i. Providing high speed internet access to citizens	3 Years
	ii. Setting up of additional incubation centers for technology start-ups	3 Years
Initiatives	i. Centre of excellence to be developed to nurture innovation	3 Year
	ii. Skill development to be promoted in smart technology entrepreneurship	1 Year

Trend#5: Individual Initiatives to Institutional Initiatives

Overview

It is important to segregate “leadership sponsorship” with “individual initiatives”. While leadership sponsorship provides strength to a project, individual initiative makes the project / change brittle. It is critically important that we build institutional capacity to take-up eGovernance projects spanning Ministries, Department and Centre-State.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Fixing the tenure and outcomes of project leaders for at-least 5 years in eGovernance project ii. Sector experts to be brought in from the Industry for a fixed duration to lead critical projects iii. Creation of a CIO cadre in Government 	<p>6 Months</p> <p>Ongoing</p> <p>6 Months</p>
Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. All Digital Government Transformation Projects to be monitored and reviewed at the PMO/CMO/CS level 	<p>Ongoing</p>
Technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. MIS/Dashboard on the performance of individuals across different e-Governance projects ii. E-Learning modules to build capacity of the project champions and team 	<p>1 Year</p> <p>1 Year</p>
Initiatives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Creation of Centre of Excellence or Leadership Academy for capacity building of Government Officials ii. Identification of capacity building requirements and design a roadmap for implementation across all levels 	<p>2 Years</p> <p>1 Year</p>

Trend#6: Multiple Download of Information to Need fulfilment of G2C Services Online

Overview

We see examples after examples of citizens and businesses coming to government offices or availing through online transaction. This needs to change. The Government has increasingly all the data of the needy citizens to reach out to them and provide support rather than people reaching out to Government for support.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	Policy intervention for review citizen databases and how they can be leveraged to assess the needs of citizens	1 Year
Process	Data Analytics and Business Intelligence tools to be leveraged for to do a demand assessment to fulfil citizen's needs	Ongoing
Technology	Data Analytics and Business Intelligence to be provided can be made available as a platform to government departments	1 Year
Initiatives	Capacity Building needs to be done by engaging the services / hiring of "Data Scientists" within each Department Regular surveys to seek citizen feedback on the reforms made	2 Year

Trend#7: Outsourcing and Deferred payment to Shared Services and PPP

Overview

Development of Government wide shared service centers will help build capacity and increase efficiency. At the same time, a win-win partnership with private players that is based on equality will help scale up eGovernance and make it all pervasive.

Suggestive Key Action Items

Suggestive Timelines

Policy	Notifying a policy on PPP projects in eGovernance domains	1 Year
Process	The Government should focus on Strengthening controls & Standardization of processes above aspects while conceptualizing PPP Projects	Ongoing



Thank You

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